

What is the normative evaluation of a persistent luminescent material?

Currently, the normative evaluation of a new persistent luminescent material is focused on the light emission spectrum, the afterglow decay curve and the total duration time of the persistent luminescence.

What are the most pressing issues in the field of luminescent materials?

Therefore, the articles collected in this Special Issue report on the most pressing issues in the field of luminescent materials, such as the development of advanced synthesis technologies, the construction of novel luminescent materials, and the regulation of photophysical properties. The author declares no conflicts of interest.

How to prepare energy-storing luminescent plastic?

This paper mainly studies the preparation technology and properties of energy-storing luminescent plastic. The colorless and colored energy-storing self-luminous plastics were prepared by using epoxy resin as the carrier, adding long-acting noctilucous powder into epoxy resin to fully mix and adding phenol-4-sulfonic acid to cure.

What are persistent luminescent materials used for?

Development of persistent luminescent materials has drawn continuous attention because of their potential applications in the fields of emergency lighting signs, dials and security displays, night-vision signage, in vivo bio-imaging, dosimetry and optical data storage 1, 2, 3.

What determines the temperature dependent persistent luminescence of a phosphor?

Also, the temperature dependent persistent luminescence of a phosphor is largely determined by its corresponding trap distribution and trap depth. The experimental work is supported by simulations of thermoluminescence and afterglow characteristics.

What is the storage stability of $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}\text{Ce}^{3+}$ material?

(1) Low storage stability: although the trap depth of the $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}:\text{Ce}^{3+}$ material reaches 1.34 eV, which is the material with the deepest trap depth reported so far, the PSL storage stability of the $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}:\text{Ce}^{3+}$ material is still insufficient at room temperature, so that it needs to be stored in a low temperature and dark condition.

In this work, for the first time we experimentally demonstrate the feasibility of integrating PSL-based optical storage and optical operation on a typical PSL medium: $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}:\text{Ce}^{3+}$. According to the investigation of its PSL-based writing, reading, storage and clearing properties, $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}:\text{Ce}^{3+}$ is shown to be an excellent PSL ...

The color, hardness and luminescence spectral characteristics of the energy-storing self-luminous plastic were

measured, analyzed and studied. The results showed that the red luminescence performance of the energy-storing self-luminous plastics prepared by a certain process had a good degree of recognition, and the amount of long-acting ...

In this work, the optical energy storage properties of the efficient blue emitting $\text{Sr}_2\text{MgSi}_2\text{O}_7:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{R}^{3+}$ persistent luminescence materials were studied by a combination of ...

The results experimentally demonstrate the inherent capability of the PSL medium to implement optical operation and the feasibility of integrating optical storage and ...

The gradual release of excited electrons can be classified as a form of energy storage. This particular phenomenon involves the presence of energy traps, such as electron or hole traps, within a material, which are occupied during the excitation process. Understanding this phenomenon poses a challenge due to the conventional treatment of solid ...

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Synthetic tenability of metal organic frameworks renders them versatile platform for next-generation energy storage technologies. Here the authors provide an overview of selected MOF attributes ...

In this paper, we investigate the temperature dependent persistent luminescence in some well-known persistent phosphors and relate this to their thermoluminescence properties. The concept of the...

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With a focus on enhancing the overall effectiveness of the luminescent material, the authors delve into the depths of the luminescence thickness, providing a comprehensive ...

The results experimentally demonstrate the inherent capability of the PSL medium to implement optical operation and the feasibility of integrating optical storage and optical operation on a PSL medium. Furthermore, to better show how to optically solve complicated problems based on PSL, two application examples are presented. One is ...

In this work, the optical energy storage properties of the efficient blue emitting $\text{Sr}_2\text{MgSi}_2\text{O}_7:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{R}^{3+}$ persistent luminescence materials were studied by a combination of experimental TL data and theoretical DFT (Density Functional Theory) calculations.

Techno-economic analysis of long-duration energy storage and flexible power generation technologies to

support high-variable renewable energy grids Chad A. Hunter, 1,3 * Michael M. Penev, Evan P. Reznicek, 1Joshua Eichman, Neha Rustagi,2 and Samuel F. Baldwin2 SUMMARY As variable renewable energy penetration increases beyond 80%, clean power ...

In this study, we fabricate a novel multifunctional ceramic with luminescence and energy storage properties, which can be denoted as $(1-x)\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3-x\text{Sr}_{0.7}\text{Sm}_{0.2}\text{TiO}_3$ ((1-x)BNT-xSST). The SST is doped into BNT can not only enhances the relaxor ferroelectric (RFE) ...

Persistent luminescent materials exhibit delayed and long-lasting luminescence due to the temporary storage of optical energy in engineered structural defects. Standard ...

Persistent luminescent materials exhibit delayed and long-lasting luminescence due to the temporary storage of optical energy in engineered structural defects. Standard characterization methods do not provide a universal comparison of phosphor performance, hindering the evaluation of the efficiency of the various processes involved in afterglow ...

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